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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 10/608,233 | 06/30/2003 | Martin E. Fermann | A8596 | 1753 |
| 7590 02/28/2005 | | | EXAMINER | |
| SUGHRUE MION, PLLC | | | HELLNER, MARK | |
| ~ | nia Avenue, NW | | | |
| Washington, D | C 20037-3213 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 3663 | |

DATE MAILED: 02/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | _ |
|--|---|---|-----------|
| | 10/608,233 | FERMANN ET AL. | Μ. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Mark Hellner | 3663 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communicati Period for Reply | on appears on the cover sheet wit | h the correspondence address | S |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a retion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA | ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this community. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | nication. |
| Status | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or | 1 | | |
| | ' ☑ This action is non-final. | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for a | | ers prosecution as to the me | rits is |
| closed in accordance with the practice u | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-50</u> is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>12-14,42 and 4</u> 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6,10,11,15-30,39,40,44 and</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>5,7-9,31-38,41 and 45-47</u> is/are 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction | 43 is/are withdrawn from consider 4 48-50 is/are rejected. e objected to. | ration. | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex | aminer. | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 30 June 2003 an | | ccepted or b) objected to | by the |
| Examiner. | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection | to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for | uments have been received. uments have been received in Ap ne priority documents have been noted by the been of the beau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | oplication No received in this National Stag | je |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | | ummary (PTO-413) | |
| Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10272003</u>. | , 'o', | /Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) |) |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perry et al in view of Harter et al.

Perry et al disclose a chirped (ultrashort) pulse amplification system comprising: a pulse stretcher (12) that produces pulse having a duration longer than 100 ps, 300 ps or 1 ns; at least one amplifier (14) following the pulse stretcher; and a pulse compressor (16) compressing the pulses by a factor greater than 50 or 150.

The difference between claims 1-3 and Perry et al is that a fiber Bragg grating be used as the pulse stretcher (12).

Harter et al is cited to show that fiber Bragg gratings were known at the time of the present application to have been used for pulse stretching in the same type of structure disclosed by Perry et al.

Motivation to use a fiber Bragg grating for element (12) is provided by column 5, lines 38-60 of Perry et al.

The amplifier (14) of Perry et al directly teaches claim 4.

Claim 6 is taught by element (16) of Perry et al.

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Claims 5 and 7-9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harter et al in view of Zweiback et al.

Harter et al disclose a chirped pulse amplification system (figure 7) comprising: a seed pulse source (input to DCF) producing short optical pulses having an inherent spectral bandwidth; a chirped fiber Bragg grating pulse stretcher (720); an amplifier (730) following the stretcher; and a compressor (760) for recompressing the stretched pulses.

The difference between Harter et al and the subject matter of claims 1 and 2 is the function that the Bragg grating stretcher exhibit a group delay ripple of less than 10 ps within the spectral bandwidth of the seed pulse source.

Figure 3D of Zweiback et al is cited to show that group delay ripple is a function of how well a fiber Bragg grating is manufactured. Figure 3D also teaches that a group delay ripple of less than 10 ps was obtainable in a fiber Bragg grating at the time of the present application.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art that the use of the best possible fiber Bragg grating in the Harter et al invention would have produced the best results. The teaching of Zweiback et al shows that this grating would have had a group delay ripple less than 10 ps.

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Claims 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stock et al in view of Harter et al.

Stock et al disclose a device for generating ultra-short pulses comprising: a seed pulse source (10) for producing short pulses; a stretcher (10) for stretching the pulses; and a section of predominantly polarization maintaining fiber (30, column 7, lines 5 and 6).

The difference between claim 15 and Stock et al is that part of the polarization maintaining fiber also be an amplifier.

Harter et al teaches that it was beneficial to amplify (730) part of the fiber section leading from a pulse stretcher to a pulse compressor in order to improve the output of a ultra-short pulse generator.

It would have been obvious to have applied the teaching of Harter et al to the device of Stock et al when seeking tom improve the quality of pulses generated, thus producing claim 15.

Claims 16-19 recite notoriously well known properties of polarization maintaining fibers and, as such, would have been suggested by element (30) of Stock et al.

Claims 20-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perry et al in view of Harter et al.

Parent claim 3 is rejected for the reasons given in the 35 USC 103 rejection of claims 1-4 and 6 set forth above on page 1 of this action.

Claims 20-23 recite the properties and elements that were notoriously well known to the skilled artisan to be part of a cladding pumped amplifier.

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Harter et al teaches using a cladding pumped amplifier (30a) to amplify pulses in a chirped pulse amplification system.

Column 5, line 63 of Perry et al indicates that alternatives to the regenerative amplifier disclosed as the preferred embodiment were acceptable at the time of the present application, thus providing for the alternate substitution of the cladding pumped amplifier disclosed by Harter et al which was taught as workable in the same environment.

Claim 24 is rejected for the reasons applied to claims 1-4 and 6 in the 35 USC 103 rejection set forth above on page 1 of this action.

Claims 25-28 recited properties that were notoriously well known to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have been a part of a fiber grating compressor at the time of the present application.

The use of a fiber grating compressor is clearly suggested by element (760) of Harter et al.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 29 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Galvanauskas et al (6,198,568).

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Figure 5(b) of Galvanauskas et al teach a chirped pulse amplification system comprising: a short pulse seed source (5); a fiber grating pulse stretcher (26); an adaptive pulse shaper (27); at least one amplifier (50); and a pulse compressor (40).

The structure recited above reads on claim 29 and 30.

Claims 31-38 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 39 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perry et al in view of Harter et al.

Claim 39 is rejected for the reasons applied to claims 1-4 and 6 in the 35 USC 103 rejection set forth above on page 1 of this action.

Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Harter et al.

Harter et al teach a chirped pulse amplification system comprising: a non-linearly chirped fiber Bragg grating pulse stretcher (720); at least one fiber amplifier (710) following the stretcher and having a step index profile; and a pulse compressor (760) for compressing the stretched pulses.

Claims 49 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harter et al.

The bulk compressor elements recited by claims 49 and 50 were notoriously well known to the skilled artisan to performed the same function as the compressor (760) disclosed by Harter et al and, as such, would have been a logical substitution when considering cost and availability of parts.

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Claims 41 and 45-47 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticpated by Galvanuaskas et al (5,847,863).

Galvanauskas et al disclose a chirped pulse amplification system (figure 7) comprising: a fiber Bragg grating pulse stretcher system including a plurality of fiber Bragg gratings (710, 715), each of which is designed to stretch a separate spectral component of an input pulse; at least on optical amplifier (OPTICAL AMPLIFIER) following the stretcher; and a pulse compressor (705) for compressing and reconstructing the stretched pulses by incoherent addition.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Mark Hellner at telephone number 703 306 4155.

Mark Heliner

Primary Examiner